Important Notice

The design specifications for Pole BaseTM units suggest earth embedment depths with certain assumed conditions. The earth embedments were calculated using the assumed material properties and loading conditions described in the Design Resource Manual. These will vary from location to location depending upon the soil properties and terrain. Since soil conditions and topography vary greatly from site to site, a detailed engineering analysis must be performed for each Pole BaseTM installation.

Because Pole BaseTM does not manufacture nor install these units, it does not assume any responsibility regarding structural suitability of its products for any particular project. In addition, Pole BaseTM assumes no responsibility in connection with any injury, death, or property damage claim whatsoever whether asserted against a Leasee, Leasor, Purchaser or others, arising out of or attributable to the operation of or produced with Pole BaseTM equipment.

Pole Base[™] – Foundation Design Guide

Analysis Methods:

- This Guide was prepared for preliminary estimating and conceptual purposes only. All information is believed to be true and accurate; however, Pole Base[™] assumes no responsibility for the use of this design guide for actual construction. Determination of the suitability of each chart is the sole responsibility of the user. Final designs for construction purposes must be performed by a licensed Professional Engineer, using the actual conditions of the site.
- The foundation design guide for embedment of the round concrete poles is based upon the provisions described in the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) publication: Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaries, and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition, 2013 (LTS-6), Washington, DC.

Wind Loading Assumptions:

- The wind loading on the fixtures, poles, and bases is based upon Section 3.8 Wind Load
- The Basic Wind Speed Section 3.8.2. Assumed wind speed 90 mph (40 m/s).
- The following factors and assumptions were used in the creation of the guide. These factors will need to be analyzed and verified by the Licensed Professional Engineer of the project:
 - Wind Importance Factor, $I_r = 1.00$ (Section 3.8.3)
 - Velocity Conversion Factor, C_v = 1.00 (Table 3.8.3-3)
 - Height and Exposure Factor, Pole & Fixture $K_z = 1.00$; Base $K_z = 0.86$ (Section 3.8.4)
 - Gust Effect Factor, G=1.14 (Section 3.8.5)
 - Drad Coefficients, C_d: (Table 3.8.6-1)
 - Light Fixture, C_d=1.2
 - Light Pole, 6" square, C_d=1.875; 6" round, C_d= 0.915
 - Pole Base (40" tall), 24" square, C_d=1.75; 24" round, C_d= 0.45

Foundation Design Assumptions:

- The formulas for the earth embedment depth are based upon Section 13: Foundation Design.
- The following factors and assumptions were used in the creation of the guide. These factors will need to be analyzed and verified by the Licensed Professional Engineer of the project:
 - Dense backfill around the base: 2000 psi concrete, Well compacted clean sand, or (CLSM).
 - Minimum earth embedment of Pole Base[™] units is at least: the calculated value, 3'-0" (0.9 m), or the depth of local frost penetration.
 - Overload Factor = 2.5; Undercapacity Factor = 0.7 (Section C13.6.1.1)
 - Embedment Length in Granular Soil, Equation (C13.6.1.1-3)
 - Embedment Length in Cohesive Soil, Equation (C13.6.1.1-7)

18 in (460 mm) DIAMETER ROUND POLE BASE UNITS (1)

6 in (150 mm) DIAMETER ROUND LIGHT POLE

			SIGN OR FIX	(TURE AREA	
	POLE HEIGHT	2 ft² (0.186 m ²)	4 ft² (0.372 m ²)	6 ft² (0.557 m ²)	8 ft² (0.743 m ²)
			BASES IN GRAVEL	SOILS (GW, GP) ^{(2) (7)}	
	15' (4.6 m)	3'-6" (1.1 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)
	20' (6.1 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)
⊢⊢	25' (7.6 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)
	30' (9.1 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	6'-0" (1.8 m)
Σ	35' (10.7 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	6'-0" (1.8 m)	6'-0" (1.8 m)
EMBEDMENT			BASES IN SANDY SOILS (S	W, SP, SM, SC, GM, GC) ^{(3) (7)}	
MB	15' (4.6 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)
	20' (6.1 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)
	25' (7.6 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	6'-0" (1.8 m)
Ξ	30' (9.1 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	6'-0" (1.8 m)	6'-6" (2.0 m)
MINIMUM	35' (10.7 m)	6'-0" (1.8 m)	6'-0" (1.8 m)	6'-6" (2.0 m)	7'-0" (2.1 m)
Z			BASES IN CLAYEY SOIL	_S (CL, ML, CH, MH) ^{(4) (7)}	
	15' (4.6 m)	6'-6" (2.0 m)	7'-0" (2.1 m)	7'-6" (2.3 m)	8'-0" (2.4 m)
	20' (6.1 m)	7'-0" (2.1 m)	8'-0" (2.4 m)	8'-6" (2.6 m)	9'-0" (2.7 m)
	25' (7.6 m)	8'-0" (2.4 m)	9'-0" (2.7 m)	9'-6" (2.9 m)	10'-0" (3.0 m)
	30' (9.1 m)	9'-0" (2.7 m)	10'-0" (3.0 m)	10'-6" (3.2 m)	11'-0" (3.4 m)
	35' (10.7 m)	10'-0" (3.0 m)	11'-0" (3.4 m)	11'-6" (3.5 m)	12-0" (3.6 m)

	UNFACTORED SHEAR FORCE / OVERTURNING MOMENT ^{(5) (6)}						
	SHO 15' (4.6 m)	240 lb (1.07 kN)	290 lb (1.29 kN)	340 lb (1.51 kN)	390 lb (1.74 kN)		
U		2,553 lb * ft (3.46 kN * m)	3,474 lb * ft (4.71 kN * m)	4,395 lb * ft (5.96 kN * m)	5,316 lb * ft (7.21 kN * m)		
L Ř	20' (6.1 m)	300 lb (1.33 kN)	353 lb (1.57 kN)	406 lb (1.81 kN)	459 lb (2.04 kN)		
<u>C</u>		3,996 lb * ft (5.42 kN * m)	5,229 lb * ft (7.09 kN * m)	6,462 lb * ft (8.76 kN * m)	7,695 lb * ft (10.43 kN * m)		
) 5 (7.6 m)	363 lb (1.62 kN)	418 lb (1.86 kN)	473 lb (2.11 kN)	528 lb (2.35 kN)		
	25' (7.6 m)	5,790 * ft (7.85 kN * m)	7,350 lb * ft (9.97 kN * m)	8,910 lb * ft (12.08 kN * m)	10,470 lb * ft (14.20 kN * m)		
5	20! (0.1 m)	429 lb (1.91 kN)	485 lb (2.16 kN)	542 lb (2.41 kN)	600 lb (2.67 kN)		
Ц S	30' (9.1 m)	7,948 lb * ft (10.78 kN * m)	9,847 lb * ft (13.35 kN * m)	11,747 lb * ft (15.93 kN * m)	13,646 lb * ft (18.50 kN * m)		
	25' (10.7 m)	496 lb (2.21 kN)	555 lb (2.47 kN)	613 lb (2.73 kN)	672 lb (2.99 kN)		
	35' (10.7 m)	10,481 lb * ft (14.21 kN * m)	12,730 lb * ft (17.26 kN * m)	14,979 lb * ft (20.31 kN * m)	17,229 lb * ft (23.36 kN * m)		



Design Reference: AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition, 2013 (LTS-6). ⁽¹⁾ Calculations have been run for a 18" (460 mm) diameter round base 3'-4" (1016 mm) above grade with a 18" (460 mm)

⁽¹⁾ Calculations have been run for a 18" (460 mm) diameter round base 3'-4" (1016 mm) above grade with a 18" (460 mm) diameter bury portion in the soil.

⁽²⁾ Assumed $\phi = 34^\circ$, $\gamma = 130 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ (2080 kg/m³), c = 0 lb/ft² (0 kPa).

⁽³⁾ Assumed $\phi = 30^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 120 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ (1920 kg/m³), c = 0 lb/ft² (0 kPa). ⁽⁴⁾ Assumed $\phi = 10^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 130 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ (2080 kg/m³), c = 250 lb/ft² (12.0 kPa).

(5) Calculations run with the following factors and assumptions:

Exposure Condition C

Basic Wind Speed, V = 90 mph (40m/s) Importance Factor, I_r = 1.0 Velocity Conversion Factor, C_v = 1.00 Gust Factor, G = 1.14 Overload Factor = 2.5

Drag Coefficient (Pole), $C_{d \text{ pole}} = 0.915$ Drag Coefficient (Base), $C_{d \text{ base}} = 0.45$ Height and Exposure Factor (Pole and Fixture), $K_{z \text{ pole}} = 1.00$ Height and Exposure Factor (Base), $K_{z \text{ base}} = 0.86$

Drag Coefficient (Fixture), C_{d fixture} = 1.2

Undercapacity Factor = 0.7

⁽⁶⁾ Calculations assume a double light fixture with the total surface area of both fixtures equal to the value shown in the chart. Unbalanced loading from a single offset fixture is not included in this preliminary guide, and must be addressed in final design calculations if planned for use.

(7) Minimum recommended embedment shall be the calculated value, depth of local frost penetration, or 3'-0" (0.9 m), whichever is greater.

This preliminary guide was prepared by Pole Base for estimating and conceptual purposes only. All information is believed to be true and accurage; however, Pole Base assumes no responsibility for the use of these preliminary guides for actual construction. Determination of the suitability of each recommendation is the sole responsibility of the User. Final designs for construction must be performed by a licensed Professional Engineer using the actual conditions of the site. (Rev. May 12, 2021)

24 in (610 mm) DIAMETER ROUND POLE BASE[™] UNITS ⁽¹⁾

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6 in (150 mm) DIAMETER ROUND LIGHT POLE
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			SIGN OR FIXT	TURE AREA	
	POLE HEIGHT	2 ft² (0.186 m ²)	4 ft² (0.372 m ²)	6 ft² (0.557 m²)	8 ft² (0.743 m ²)
			BASES IN GRAVEL S	OILS (GW, GP) ^{(2) (7)}	
	15' (4.6 m)	3'-0" (0.9 m)	3'-6" (1.1 m)	3'-6" (1.1 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)
	20' (6.1 m)	3'-6" (1.1 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)
⊢⊢	25' (7.6 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)
Z U	30' (9.1 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)
N N	35' (10.7 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)
EMBEDMENT			BASES IN SANDY SOILS (SW	V, SP, SM, SC, GM, GC) ^{(3) (7)}	
MB	15' (4.6 m)	3'-6" (1.1 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)
	20' (6.1 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)
	25' (7.6 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)
Ξ	30' (9.1 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)
MINIMUM	35' (10.7 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	6'-0" (1.8 m)	6'-0" (1.8 m)
≥			BASES IN CLAYEY SOIL	S (CL, ML, CH, MH) ^{(4) (7)}	
	15' (4.6 m)	6'-6" (2.0 m)	7'-0" (2.1 m)	7'-6'' (2.3 m)	8'-0" (2.4 m)
	20' (6.1 m)	7'-6" (2.3 m)	8'-0" (2.4 m)	8'-6'' (2.6 m)	9'-0" (2.7 m)
	25' (7.6 m)	8'-0" (2.4 m)	9'-0" (2.7 m)	9'-6" (2.9 m)	10'-0" (3.0 m)
	30' (9.1 m)	9'-0" (2.7 m)	9'-6" (2.9 m)	10'-0" (3.0 m)	10'-6" (3.2 m)
	35' (10.7 m)	10'-0" (3.0 m)	10'-6" (3.2 m)	11'-0" (3.4 m)	11'-6" (3.5 m)

			JNFACTORED SHEAR FORCE	/ OVERTURNING MOMENT (5) (6	6)
U S Ш		255 lb (1.14 kN)	305 lb (1.37 kN)	355 lb (1.59 kN)	406 lb (1.82 kN)
RCI	15' (4.6 m)	2,579 lb * ft (3.50 kN * m)	3,500 lb * ft (4.75 kN * m)	4,421 lb * ft (5.99 kN * m)	5,342 lb * ft (7.24 kN * m)
¥	20' (6.1 m)	315 lb (1.41 kN)	368 lb (1.65 kN)	421 lb (1.89 kN)	474 lb (2.12 kN)
<u>C</u>	20' (6.1 m)	4,022 lb * ft (5.45 kN * m)	5,255 lb * ft (7.12 kN * m)	6,488 lb * ft (8.80 kN * m)	7,722 lb * ft (10.47 kN * m)
	25L (7.6.m)	379 lb (1.70 kN)	434 lb (1.94 kN)	489 lb (2.19 kN)	544 lb (2.44 kN)
	25' (7.6 m)	5,816 * ft (7.89 kN * m)	7,376 lb * ft (10.00 kN * m)	8,936 lb * ft (12.12 kN * m)	10,497 lb * ft (14.23 kN * m)
9	20! (0.1 m)	444 lb (1.99 kN)	501 lb (2.24 kN)	558 lb (2.50 kN)	615 lb (2.76 kN)
ES	30' (9.1 m)	50 (9.1111) 7,975 lb * ft (10.81 kN * m) 9,874 lb * ft (13.39 kN * m)	11,773 lb * ft (15.96 kN * m)	13,672 lb * ft (18.54 kN * m)	
	25! (10.7 m)	511 lb (2.29 kN)	570 lb (2.55 kN)	629 lb (2.82 kN)	687 lb (3.08 kN)
	35' (10.7 m)	10,507 lb * ft (14.25 kN * m)	12,757 lb * ft (17.30 kN * m)	15,006 lb * ft (20.34 kN * m)	17,255 lb * ft (23.40 kN * m)



Design Reference: AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition, 2013 (LTS-6). ⁽¹⁾ Calculations have been run for a 24" (610 mm) diameter round base 3'-4" (1016 mm) above grade with a 24" (610 mm)

diameter bury portion in the soil.

⁽²⁾ Assumed $\phi = 34^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 130 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ (2080 kg/m³), c = 0 lb/ft² (0 kPa).

⁽³⁾ Assumed $\phi = 30^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 120 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ (1920 kg/m³), c = 0 lb/ft² (0 kPa).

⁽⁴⁾ Assumed $\phi = 10^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 130 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ (2080 kg/m³), c = 250 lb/ft² (12.0 kPa).

⁽⁵⁾ Calculations run with the following factors and assumptions: Drag Coefficient (Fixture), C_{d fixture} = 1.2 Exposure Condition C

Basic Wind Speed, V = 90 mph (40m/s)

Importance Factor, Ir = 1.0

Velocity Conversion Factor, Cv = 1.00 Gust Factor, G = 1.14

Height and Exposure Factor (Base), $K_{z base} = 0.86$ Undercapacity Factor = 0.7 Overload Factor = 2.5 ⁽⁶⁾ Calculations assume a double light fixture with the total surface area of both fixtures equal to the value shown in the chart. Unbalanced loading from a single offset fixture is not included in this preliminary guide, and must be addressed in final design

Drag Coefficient (Pole), $C_{d \text{ pole}} = 0.915$ Drag Coefficient (Base), $C_{d \text{ base}} = 0.45$

Height and Exposure Factor (Pole and Fixture), $K_{z \text{ pole}} = 1.00$

calculations if planned for use. ⁽⁷⁾ Minimum recommended embedment shall be the calculated value, depth of local frost penetration, or 3'-0" (0.9 m), whichever is greater.

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30 in (762 mm) DIAMETER ROUND POLE BASE UNITS (1)

6 in (150 mm) DIAMETER ROUND LIGHT POLE

			SIGN OR FIX	TURE AREA	
	POLE HEIGHT ft'	2 ft² (0.186 m ²)	4 ft² (0.372 m ²)	6 ft² (0.557 m²)	8 ft² (0.743 m ²)
			BASES IN GRAVEL	SOILS (GW, GP) ^{(2) (7)}	
	15' (4.6 m)	3'-0" (.91 m)	3'-6" (1.1 m)	3'-6" (1.1 m)	3'-6" (1.1 m)
	20' (6.1 m)	3'-6 (1.1 m)	3'-6" (1.1 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)
⊢⊢	25' (7.6 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)
	30' (9.1 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6'' (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)
N N	35' (10.7 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)
EMBEDMENT			BASES IN SANDY SOILS (SV	<i>N</i> , SP, SM, SC, GM, GC) ^{(3) (7)}	
MB	15' (4.6 m)	3'-0" (.91 m)	3'-6" (1.1 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)
	20' (6.1 m)	3'-6" (1.1 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)
	25' (7.6 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)
Ξ	30' (9.1 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)
MINIMUM	35' (10.7 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	6'-0" (1.9 m)
Σ			BASES IN CLAYEY SOIL	-S (CL, ML, CH, MH) ^{(4) (7)}	
	15' (4.6 m)	7'-0" (2.1 m)	7'-6" (2.3 m)	8'-0" (2.4 m)	8'-6" (2.6 m)
	20' (6.1 m)	8'-0" (2.4 m)	8'-6" (2.6 m)	8'-6'' (2.6 m)	9'-0" (2.7 m)
	25' (7.6 m)	8'-6" (2.6 m)	9'-0'' (2.7 m)	9'-6'' (2.9 m)	10'-0" (3.0 m)
	30' (9.1 m)	9'-0" (2.7 m)	9'-6" (2.9 m)	10'-0" (3.0 m)	10'-6" (3.2 m)
	35' (10.7 m)	10'-0" (3.0 m)	10'-6" (3.2 m)	11'-0" (3.4 m)	11-6" (3.5 m)

	UNFACTORED SHEAR FORCE / OVERTURNING MOMENT ^{(5) (6)}					
ES	45' (4.6 m)	270 lb (1.20 kN)	320 lb (1.42 kN)	371 lb (1.65 kN)	420 lb (1.87 kN)	
U U	15' (4.6 m)	2,604 lb * ft (3.53 kN * m)	3,525 lb * ft (4.78 kN * m)	4,447 lb * ft (6.03 kN * m)	5,368 lb * ft (7.28 kN * m)	
ORC	20' (6.1 m)	331 lb (1.47 kN)	384 lb (1.71 kN)	436 lb (1.94 kN)	489 lb (2.18 kN)	
<u>P</u>	20' (6.1 m)	4,047 lb * ft (5.49 kN * m)	5,281 lb * ft (7.16 kN * m)	6,514 lb * ft (8.83 kN * m)	7,747 lb * ft (10.50 kN * m)	
) E! (7.6 m)	394 lb (1.75 kN)	449 lb (2.00 kN)	504 lb (2.24 kN)	559 lb (2.49 kN)	
GN	25' (7.6 m)	5,842 * ft (7.92 kN * m)	7,402 lb * ft (10.04 kN * m)	8,962 lb * ft (12.15 kN * m)	10,522 lb * ft (14.27 kN * m)	
	20! (0.1 m)	459 lb 2.04 kN)	516 lb (2.30 kN)	573 lb (2.55 kN)	630 lb (2.80 kN)	
ES	30 (9.1111)	30' (9.1 m) 8,000 lb * ft (10.85 kN * m) 9,899 lb * ft (13.42 kN * m)	11,799 lb * ft (16.00 kN * m)	13,698 lb * ft (18.57 kN * m)		
	25' (10.7 m)	527 lb (2.34 kN)	585 lb (2.60 kN)	644 lb (2.86 kN)	703 lb (3.13 kN)	
	35' (10.7 m)	10,533 lb * ft (14.28 kN * m)	12,782 lb * ft (17.33 kN * m)	15,031 lb * ft (20.38 kN * m)	17,281 lb * ft (23.43 kN * m)	

Design Reference: AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition, 2013 (LTS-6).

(1) Calculations have been run for a 30 in (762 mm) diameter round base 40 in (1016 mm) above grade with a 30 in (762 mm) diameter bury portion in the soil.

⁽³⁾ Assumed $\phi = 34^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 130$ lb/ft³ (2080 kg/m³), c = 0 lb/ft² (0 kPa). ⁽³⁾ Assumed $\phi = 30^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 120$ lb/ft³ (1920 kg/m³), c = 0 lb/ft² (0 kPa). ⁽⁴⁾ Assumed $\phi = 10^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 130$ lb/ft³ (2080 kg/m³), c = 250 lb/ft² (12.0 kPa).

⁽⁵⁾ Calculations run with the following factors and assumptions:

Exposure Condition C

- Basic Wind Speed, V = 90 mph (40m/s) Importance Factor, $I_r = 1.0$ Velocity Conversion Factor, C_v = 1.00 Gust Factor, G = 1.14
- Sumptions. Drag Coefficient (Fixture), $C_{d \text{ fixture}} = 1.2$ Drag Coefficient (Pole), $C_{d \text{ pole}} = 0.915$ Drag Coefficient (Base), $C_{d \text{ base}} = 0.45$ Height and Exposure Factor (Pole and Fixture), $K_{z \text{ pole}} = 1.00$ Height and Exposure Factor (Base), K_{z base} = 0.86 Undercapacity Factor = 0.7

Overload Factor = 2.5 ⁽⁶⁾ Calculations assume a double light fixture with the total surface area of both fixtures equal to the value shown in the chart. Unbalanced loading from a single offset fixture is not included in this preliminary guide, and must be addressed in final design calculations if planned for use.

⁽⁷⁾ Minimum recommended embedment shall be the calculated value, depth of local frost penetration, or 3'-0" (0.9 m), whichever is greater.

(8) Embedment provided in '-" = ft-in

This preliminary guide was prepared by Pole Base for estimating and conceptual purposes only. All information is believed to be true and accurage; however, Pole Base assumes no responsibility for the use of these preliminary guides for actual construction. Determination of the suitability of each recommendation is the sole responsibility of the User. Final designs for construction must be performed by a licensed Professional Engineer using the actual conditions of the site. (Rev. Oct. 8, 2021)



36 in (914 mm) DIAMETER ROUND POLE BASE UNITS (1)

6 in (150 mm) DIAMETER ROUND LIGHT POLE

			SIGN OR FIX	TURE AREA		
	POLE HEIGHT ft'	4 ft² (0.372 m ²)	6 ft² (0.557 m ²)	8 ft² (0.743 m ²)	12 ft² (1.115 m ²)	
	BASES IN GRAVEL SOILS (GW, GP) (2) (7)					
	20' (6.1 m)	3'-6" (1.1 m)	3'-6" (1.1 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	
	25' (7.6 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	
⊢⊢	30' (9.1 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	
Ž	35' (10.7 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	
Σ	40' (12.2 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	
EMBEDMENT			BASES IN SANDY SOILS (S)	<i>N</i> , SP, SM, SC, GM, GC) ^{(3) (7)}		
MB	20' (6.1 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	
	25' (7.6 m)	4'-0" (1.2 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	
Σ	30' (9.1 m)	4'-6" (1.4 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-6" (1.5 m)	
M	35' (10.7 m)	5'-0" (1.5 m)	5'-0" (1.5m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	6'-0" (1.8 m)	
MINIMUM	40' (12.2 m)	5'-6" (1.7 m)	5'-6" (1.7m)	6'-0" (1.8 m)	6'-0" (1.8 m)	
Σ			BASES IN CLAYEY SOIL	.S (CL, ML, CH, MH) ^{(4) (7)}		
	20' (6.1 m)	8'-6" (2.6 m)	9'-0" (2.7 m)	9'-6" (2.9 m)	10'-0" (3.0 m)	
	25' (7.6 m)	9'-6" (2.9 m)	10'-0" (3.0 m)	10'-0" (3.0 m)	11'-0" (3.4 m)	
	30' (9.1 m)	10'-0" (3.0 m)	10'-6" (3.2 m)	11'-0" (3.4 m)	11'-6" (3.5 m)	
	35' (10.7 m)	10'-6" (3.2 m)	11'-0" (3.4 m)	11-6" (3.5 m)	12'-6" (3.8 m)	
	40' (12.2 m)	11'-6" (3.5 m)	12'-0" (3.7 m)	12-6" (3.8 m)	13'-0" (4.0 m)	

			UNFACTORED SHEAR FORCI	E / OVERTURNING MOMENT (5) (6)
	Support 20' (6.1 m) 25' (7.6 m)	399 lb (1.77 kN)	452 lb (2.01 kN)	505 lb (2.25 kN)	610 lb (2.71 kN)
0		5,306 lb * ft (7.19 kN * m)	6,539 lb * ft (8.87 kN * m)	7,773 lb * ft (10.54 kN * m)	10,239 lb * ft (13.88 kN * m)
K) El (7.6 m)	464 lb (2.06 kN)	519 lb (2.31 kN)	574 lb (2.55 kN)	684 lb (3.04 kN)
<u>P</u>	25' (7.6 m)	7,427 lb * ft (10.07 kN * m)	8,987 lb * ft (12.18 kN * m)	10,547 lb * ft (14.30 kN * m)	13,667 lb * ft (18.53 kN * m)
	20' (0.1 m)	531 lb (2.36 kN)	588 lb (2.62 kN)	645 lb (2.87 kN)	759 lb (3.38 kN)
Z	30' (9.1 m)	9,925 lb * ft (13.46 kN * m)	11,824 lb * ft (16.03 kN * m)	13,723 lb * ft (18.61 kN * m)	17,522 lb * ft (23.76 kN * m)
9	25! (10.7 m)	600 lb (2.67 kN)	659 lb (2.93 kN)	718 lb (3.19 kN)	835 lb (3.71 kN)
ES	35 (10.7 m)	35' (10.7 m) 12,807 lb * ft (17.36 kN * m) 15,057 lb * ft (20.41 kN * m) 17,306	17,306 lb * ft (23.46 kN * m)	21,805 lb * ft (29.56 kN * m)	
	10 ! (10.0 m)	671 lb (2.98 kN)	731 lb (3.25 kN)	792 lb (3.52 kN)	912 lb (4.06 kN)
	40' (12.2 m)	16,084 lb * ft (21.81 kN * m)	18,693 lb * ft (25.34 kN * m)	21,302 lb * ft (28.88 kN * m)	26,521 lb * ft (35.96 kN * m)

FIXTURE HEIGHT POLE SIZE VARIES (SEE CHART) 36" 40 in (1016 mm) ROUND EMBEDMENT 36 in (914 mm) MINIMUM DIAMETER c

Design Reference: AASHTO Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals, 6th Edition, 2013 (LTS-6) ⁽¹⁾ Calculations have been run for a 36 in (914 mm) diameter round base 40 in (1016 mm) above grade with a 36 in (762 mm) diameter

bury portion in the soil.

⁽²⁾ Assumed $\phi = 34^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 130 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ (2080 kg/m³), c = 0 lb/ft² (0 kPa).

⁽³⁾ Assumed $\phi = 30^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 120$ lb/ft³ (1920 kg/m³), c = 0 lb/ft² (0 kPa). ⁽⁴⁾ Assumed $\phi = 10^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 130$ lb/ft³ (2080 kg/m³), c = 250 lb/ft² (12.0 kPa).

⁽⁵⁾ Calculations run with the following factors and assumptions: Exposure Condition C Basic Wind Speed V = 90 mph (40m/s)

Bable Wind Opeca, V Compil (Homes)
Importance Factor, I _r = 1.0
Velocity Conversion Factor, C _v = 1.00
Gust Factor, G = 1.14
Overload Factor = 2.5

Drag Coefficient (Fixture), C_{d fixture} = 1.2 Drag Coefficient (Fixture), $G_{d \text{ fixture}} = 1.2$ Drag Coefficient (Pole), $C_{d \text{ pole}} = 0.915$ Drag Coefficient (Base), $C_{d \text{ base}} = 0.45$ Height and Exposure Factor (Pole and Fixture), $K_{z \text{ pole}} = 1.00$ Height and Exposure Factor (Base), $K_{z base} = 0.86$

Undercapacity Factor = 0.7

(6) Calculations assume a double light fixture with the total surface area of both fixtures equal to the value shown in the chart. Unbalanced loading from a single offset fixture is not included in this preliminary guide, and must be addressed in final design calculations if planned for use

(7) Minimum recommended embedment shall be the calculated value, depth of local frost penetration, or 3'-0" (0.9 m), whichever is greater. ⁽⁸⁾ Embedment provided in '-" = ft-inches

This preliminary guide was prepared by Pole Base for estimating and conceptual purposes only. All information is believed to be true and accurage; however, Pole Base assumes no responsibility for the use of these preliminary guides for actual construction. Determination of the suitability of each recommendation is the sole responsibility of the User. Final designs for construction must be performed by a licensed Professional Engineer using the actual conditions of the site. (Rev. Oct. 8, 2021)

		PROJECT: EXAMPLE CALCULATION	SHEET: 1 of 4
pole bi			
wv	w.polebase.com	PREPARED BY:	DATE: 55502014
		B. LINDFORS	5SEP2014
		EXAMPLE CALCULATION	
		Determine minimum required embed	
	F _{fixture}	Base [™] Unit in the following conditio	ns:
F _{pol}	e 30'-0	Pole Base [™] Unit = 24" (610 mm) di	ameter round base
	(9.1 m		
→ 6" (15	2 mm)	a 24" (610 mm) diameter round bury	
		Site Soils = Poorly graded sand (SP) with
		internal friction angle, $\phi = 30^{\circ}$,
	F _{base} 3'-4"	unit weight, $\gamma = 120 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ (192	
	(1016 m	m) cohesion, $c = 0 \text{ lb/ft}^2 (0 \text{ kPa}).$	
		Light Pole = 30' (9.1 m) tall, 6" (152	mm) diameter
		round pole.	
0	L _{bury}		
		Light Fixture Size = 4 ft ² (0.372 m ²)	
		Site Exposure Condition = C	
24" ((610 mm)	Basic Wind Speed = 90 mph (40 m/s	2)
			<i>,</i>
		d Specifications for Structural Supports for I	Highway Signs,
Luminaires, and Traff	<i>ïc Signals</i> , 6th E	dition, 2013 (LTS-6).	
- DETERMINE WIND	LOADS ON PO	LE BASE [™] UNIT, LIGHT POLE, AND LIGH	IT FIXTURE:
Site Exposure Condit	ion C (Given)		
Basic Wind Speed, V	= 90 mps (40 m	(s) (Given) Reference AASHTO Fi	gures 3.8.3-1 to 3.8.3-
Wind Importance Fac	tor, I _r = 1.0	AASHTO Table 3.8.3-1	(50 year recurrence,
		non-hurricane region)	
Design Life = 50 year	S S	AASHTO Table 3.8.3-2	2
Velocity Conversion F	Factor, $C_v = 1.00$	AASHTO Table 3.8.3-3	3 (50 year recurrence.
		basic wind speed in no	

EXAMPLE CALCULATION2 ofPREPARED BY: B. LINDFORSDATE: SSEMHeight and Exposure Factor, KzAASHTO Section 3.8.4Kz = 2.01 * $(z/z_0)^{2labha}$ AASHTO C3.8.4-1alpha = 9.5 and $z_0 = 900$ ft (274.3 m)AASHTO C3.8.4-1z = height above ground ≥ 16 ft (5 m)For Pole Base TM: Kz base = 2.01 * (16 / 900)^{29.5} = 0.86For Light Pole and Fixture: Kz pole = 2.01 * (16 / 900)^{29.5} = 1.0AASHTO Commentary C3.8.5Drag Coefficients, CqAASHTO Section 3.8.6For Light Fixture: Cd fisture = 1.2AASHTO Section 3.8.6For Light Fixture: Cd fisture = 1.2AASHTO Table 3.8.6-1 (luminaires w rectangular flat shide shapes)For Light Pole: C, *V*d = 1.0 *90 mph * 0.5 ft = 45 mph * ft Cd tabes = 0.45AASHTO Table 3.8.6-1 (cylindrical)For Light Pole: C, *V*d = 1.0 *90 mph * 0.5 ft = 45 mph * ft Cd tabes = 0.45AASHTO Table 3.8.6-1 (cylindrical)For Light Pole: C, *V*d = 1.0 *90 mph * 0.5 ft = 45 mph * ft Cd tabes = 0.45AASHTO Table 3.8.6-1 (cylindrical)Wind Pressure, Pz = 0.00256 * Kz * G * V ² * L * Cd Z tobe = 0.00256 * 1.0 * 1.14 * 90 ² * 1.0 * 1.2 = 28.5 psfFor Light Pole Pz tobe = 0.00256 * 1.0 * 1.14 * 90 ² * 1.0 * 0.915 = 21.7 psf	f 4
B. LINDFORSSSEFHeight and Exposure Factor, KzAASHTO Section 3.8.4 $K_z = 2.01 * (z / z_g)^{2/abha}$ AASHTO C3.8.4-1alpha = 9.5 and $z_g = 900$ ft (274.3 m)AASHTO Commentary C3.8.4 $z = height above ground \ge 16$ ft (5 m)For Pole Base TM . K_z base = 2.01 * (16 / 900)^{29.5} = 0.86For Light Pole and Fixture: K_z pole = 2.01 * (30 / 900)^{29.5} = 1.0Gust Factor, G = 1.14Gust Factor, G = 1.14AASHTO Commentary C3.8.5Drag Coefficients, CdAASHTO Section 3.8.6For Light Pole:AASHTO Table 3.8.6-1 (luminaires w rectangular flat shide shapes)For Light Pole:AASHTO Table 3.8.6-1 (cylindrical)For Pole Base Unit:C, "V"d = 1.0 * 90 mph * 0.5 ft = 45 mph * ftCd fosture = 1.2AASHTO Table 3.8.6-1 (cylindrical)For Pole Base Unit:C, "V"d = 1.0 * 90 mph * 2.0 ft = 180 mph * ftCd base = 0.45AASHTO Table 3.8.6-1 (cylindrical)Wind Pressure, Pz = 0.00256 * Kz * G * V ² * L* CdAASHTO 3.8.3-1For Light PoleFor Light Pole	
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For Pole Base [™]	
$P_{z \text{ base}} = 0.00256 * 0.86 * 1.14 * 90^2 * 1.0 * 0.45 = 9.2 \text{ psf}$	

	ТМ	PROJECT: EXAMPLE CALCULATION	SHEET: 3 of 4
JOI	B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	PREPARED BY: B. LINDFORS	DATE: 5SEP2014
DETERMII	NE SHEAR FORCES AND	OVERTURNING MOMENTS	
Shear Ford			
	For Light Fixture:		
	$F_{\text{fixture}} = P_{\text{z} \text{ fixture}} A_{\text{fixture}}$	= 28.5 * 4.0 = 114.0 lbf (0.51 kN)	
	For Light Pole:		
	F _{pole} = P _{z pole} * A _{pole} = 21	.7 * (30 * 0.5) = 325.8 lbf (1.46 kN)	
	For Pole Base [™] :		
		0.2 * (3.33 * 2.0) = 61.0 lbf (0.27 kN)	
	Total Applied Shear For	$ce = F_{fixture} + F_{pole} + F_{base} = 500.8 \text{ lbf} (2.24 \text{ kN})$	
Overturnin	g Moment		
	For Light Fixture:		
	$M_{fixture} = F_{fixture} * (h_{base} +$	h _{pole}) = 114.0 * (3.33 + 30) = 3,798 lbf * ft (5.15	5 kN * m)
	For Light Pole:		
		_{ole} /2) = 325.8 * (3.33 + 30/2) = 5,973 lbf * ft (8.1	0 kN * m)
	pole pole tobase pole		
	For Pole Base [™] :		
	M _{base} = F _{base} * (h _{base} /2) =	= 61.0 * (3.33 / 2) = 102 lbf * ft (0.14 kN * m)	
	Total Applied Overturnir	ng Moment = M _{fixture} + M _{pole} + M _{base} = 9,874 lbf	* ft (13.39 kN * m)
DETERMII	NE MINIMUM REQUIRED	<u>EMBEDMENT</u>	
Factor She	ar and Overturning Mome	nt for Use with Broms Design Method	
	Overload Factor = 2.5 a		13.6.1.1
	Undercapacity Factor =	0.7	
	Safety Factor = Overloa	d Factor / Undercapacity Factor = 3.57	
	V _F = Total Shear * (Safe	ety Factor) = 1.79 kip (8.0 kN)	AASHTO C13.6.1.1-1
	M _F = Total Moment * (Sa	afety Factor) = 35.26 ft * kip (47.8 kN * m)	AASHTO C13.6.1.1-2



4.8